

World Spine V
&
World Spine 2010
hands On Course



DYNAMIC INTERSPINOUS DEVICE: CLINICAL RESULTS AND EXPANDED CLINICAL INDICATIONS

Morais N¹, Moreira da Costa JA¹

¹Clínica Neurológica e da Coluna Vertebral, Braga, Portugal

DISCLOSURE

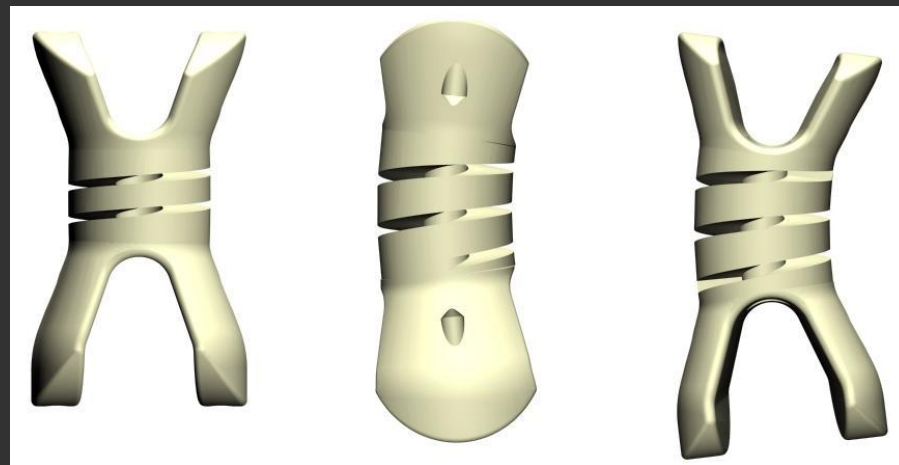
The authors have no personal financial or institutional interest in the devices described in this presentation

INTRODUCTION

- 1940's
- Interspinous device
 - percutaneous, MIS, open
 - PEEK, titanium, silicone

INTRODUCTION

- Viking[®] is a dynamic interspinous device designed to be shock absorber and to provide dynamic stabilization
- PEEK



Compression 2.5 mm Flexion/Extension 20° Lateral bending 20°

INTRODUCTION

- Biomechanical effects:
 - unload the facet joints
 - restore foraminal height
 - provide stability (especially in extension)
 - allowing motion

INTRODUCTION - evidence

- Unloads disc pressure

Zucherman et al. Spine. 2003; 28:26-32

- Randomized study of X-Stop against conservative treatment in stenosis. Superior at 2 years

Zucherman et al. Spine. 2005; 30: 1351-8

- Results seem maintained at 4 years

Kondrashov DG et al. J Spinal Disord Tech. 2006; 19: 323-27

INTRODUCTION - indications

- Stenosis with neurogenic claudication
Acceptable evidence
- Instability – degenerative spondylolisthesis
Biomechanical evidence
- Gross instability – lytic spondylolisthesis
No way!

MATERIAL AND METHODS

- Purpose:
 - safety
 - effectiveness
 - validation of new surgical indications
- Retrospective study
- November 2007 to November 2009 (Clínica Neurológica e da Coluna Vertebral)
- 91 interspinous devices (82 patients)
 - 46 interspinous devices (43 patients)

MATERIAL AND METHODS

- Clinical outcomes were recorded with the following scores:

modified Oswestry low back pain disability questionnaire (m Oswestry) and Visual Analog Scale (VAS), at the following intervals:
preoperatively, 6 weeks, 3, 6, 9, 12 ou 24 months

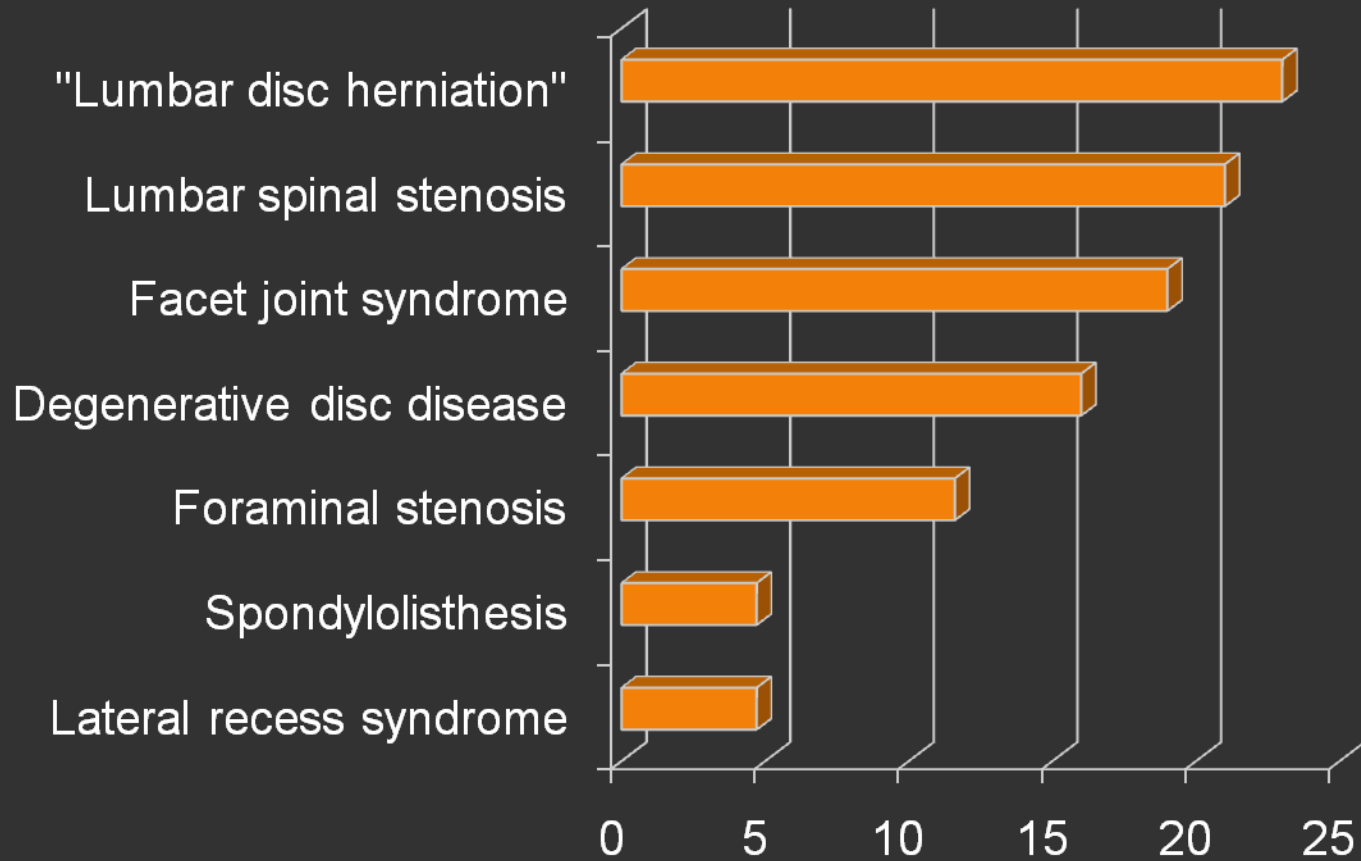
intra-operative and postoperative complications

work status

RESULTS

- 46 interspinous devices (Viking®)
- 43 patients, 23 ♀ e 20 ♂
- The average age was 47 (range 13 to 69)
- 40 one level cases, 3 two level cases (46 Viking®)
 - L3-L4: 5**
 - L4-L5: 36**
 - L5-S1: 5**
- No intra-operative or postoperative complications
- The operative time averaged 67 minutes (range 25 to 103 minutes)
- Discharge from hospital averaged 2 days (range 1 to 3 days)
- Average of 11 months follow up (range 6 to 24 months)
- No reoperations

Surgical Indications (%)

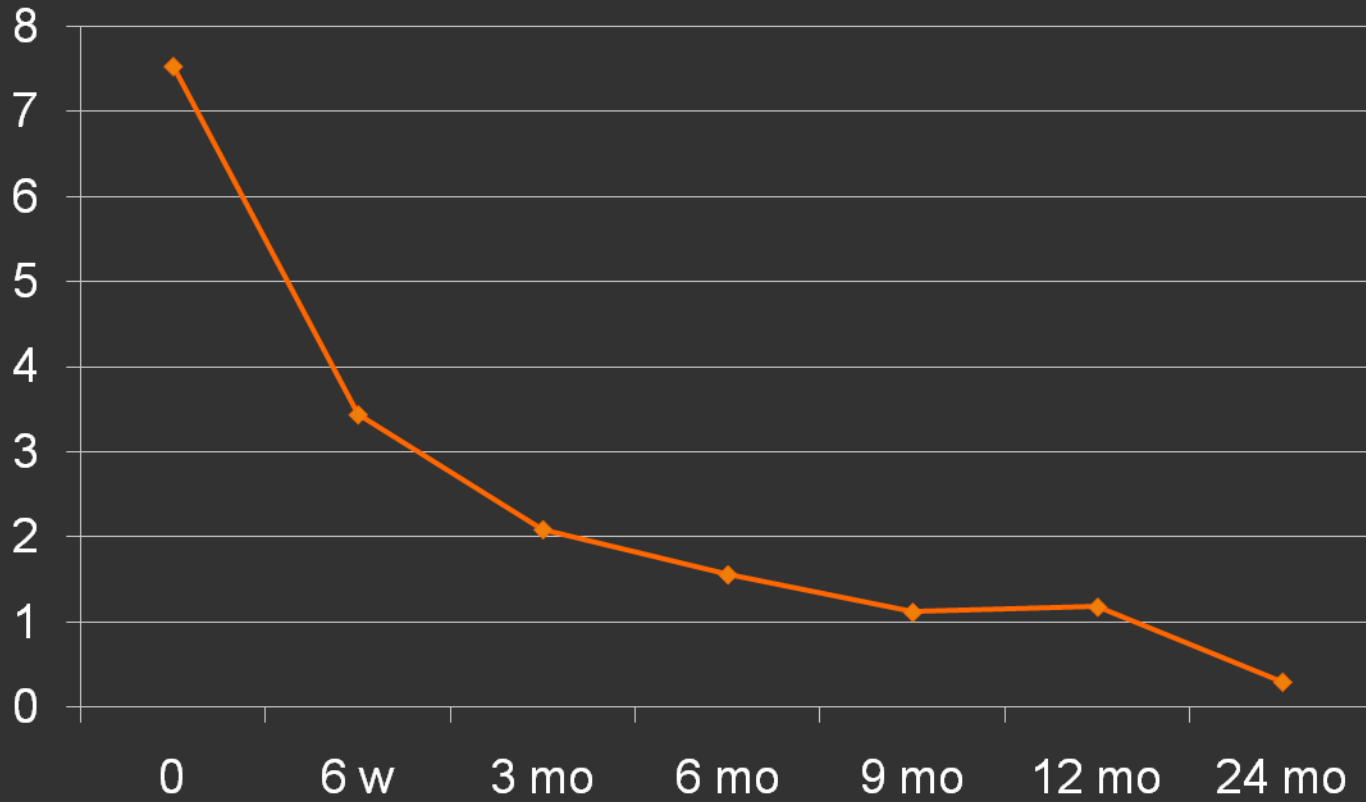


Surgical Approach

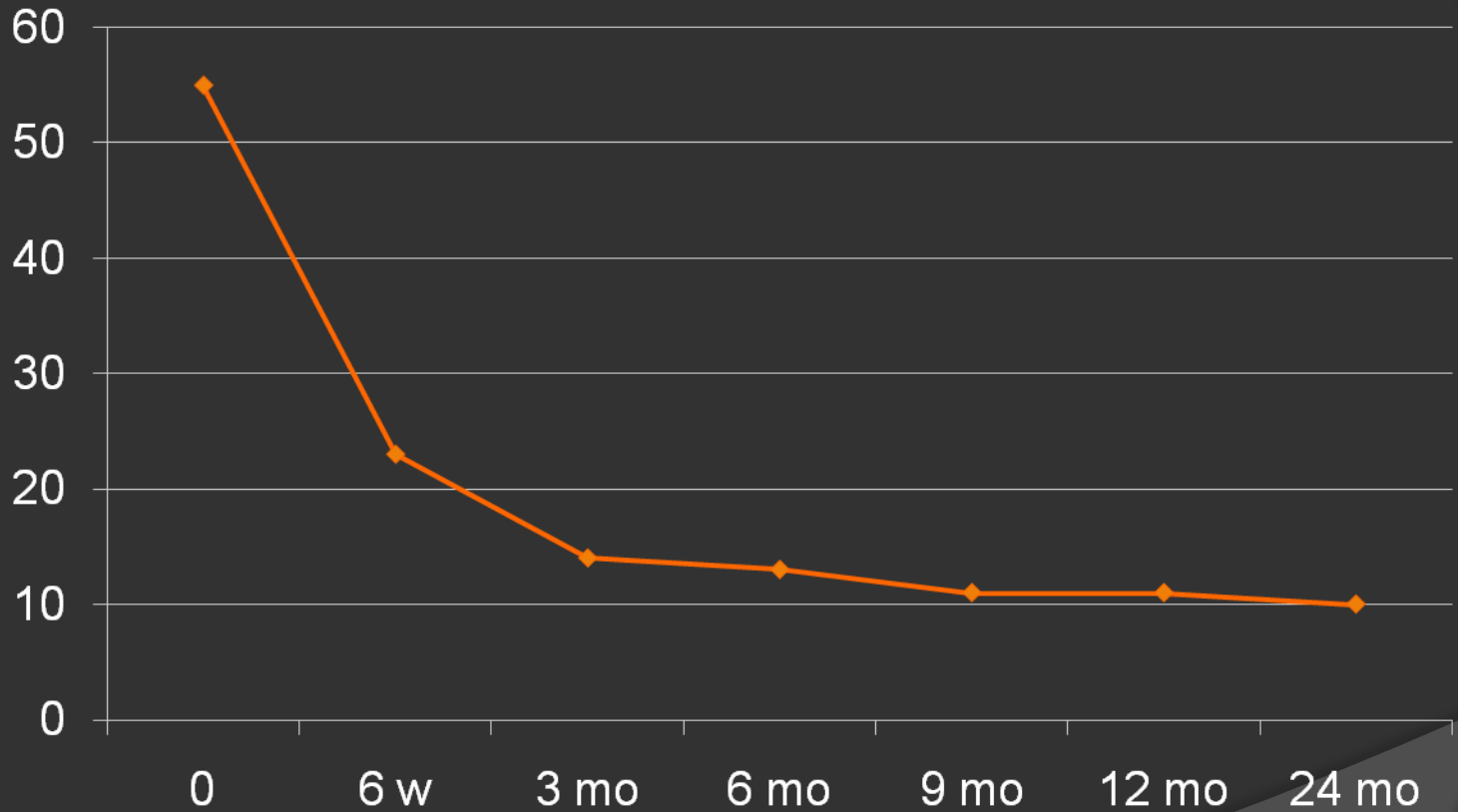


- Interspinous device
- Interspinous device + conservative decompression
- Interspinous device + discectomy
- Interspinous device + fibrosis release

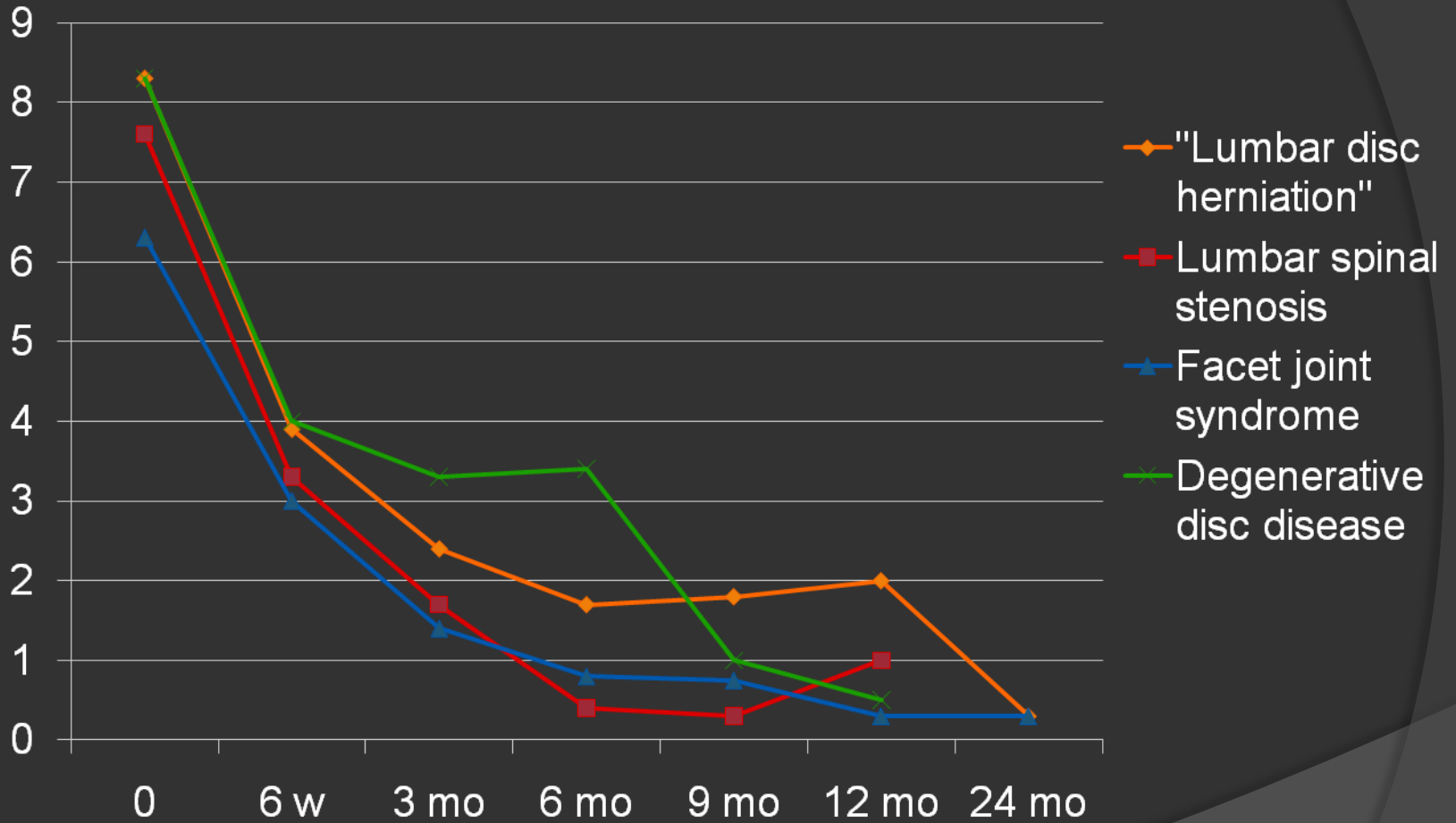
Visual Analog Scale



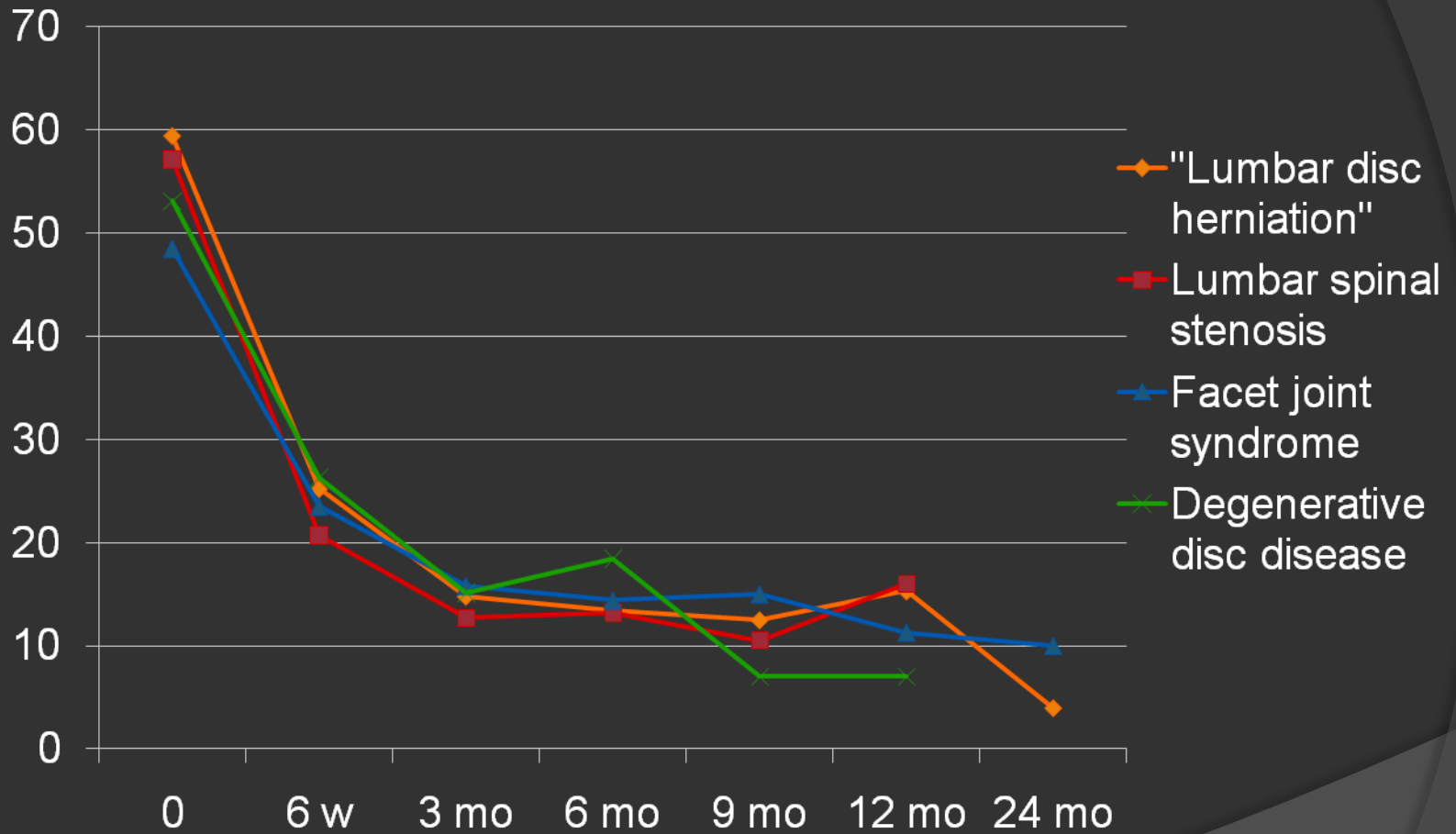
Modified Oswestry Low Back Pain Disability Questionnaire



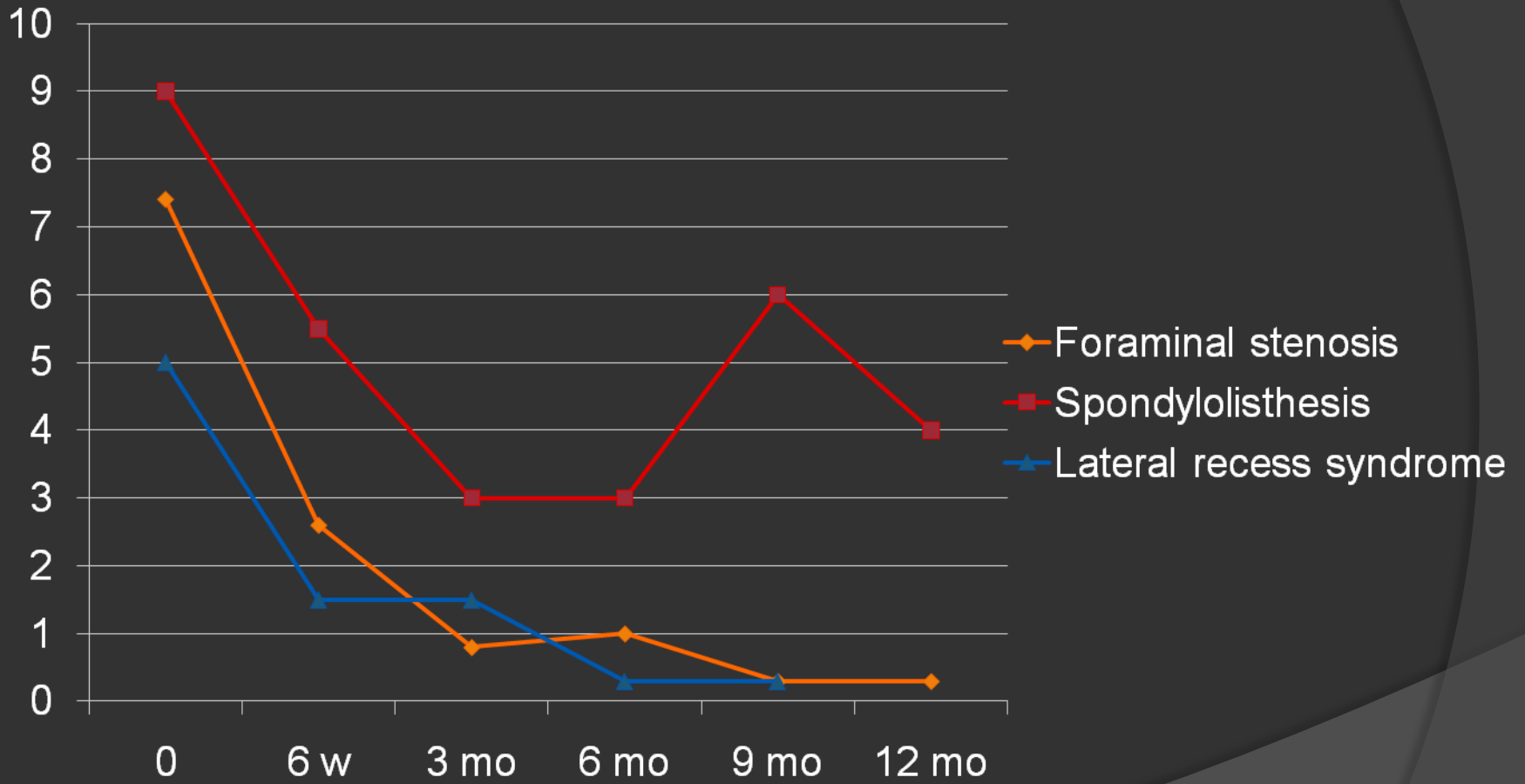
VAS



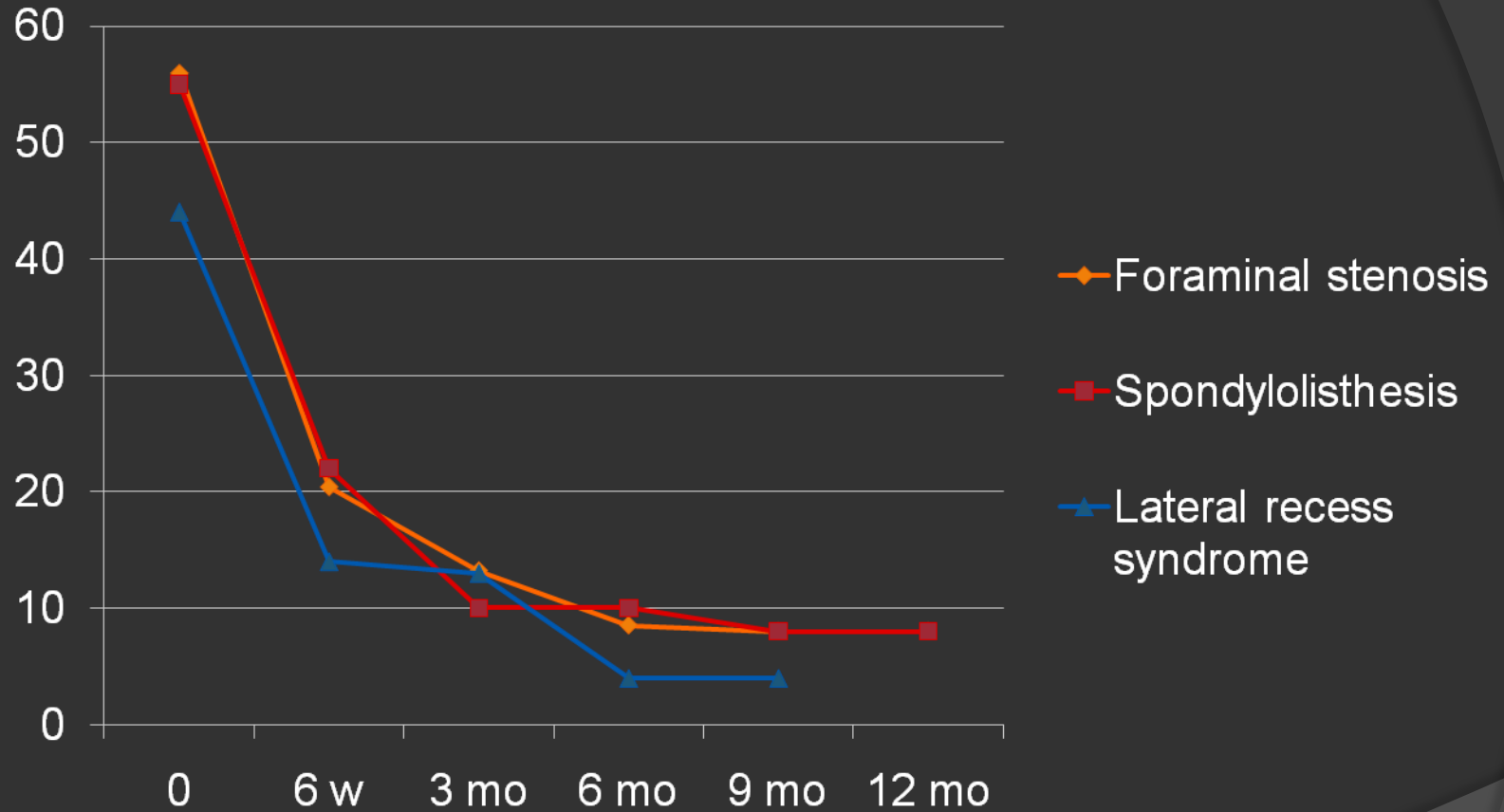
m Oswestry



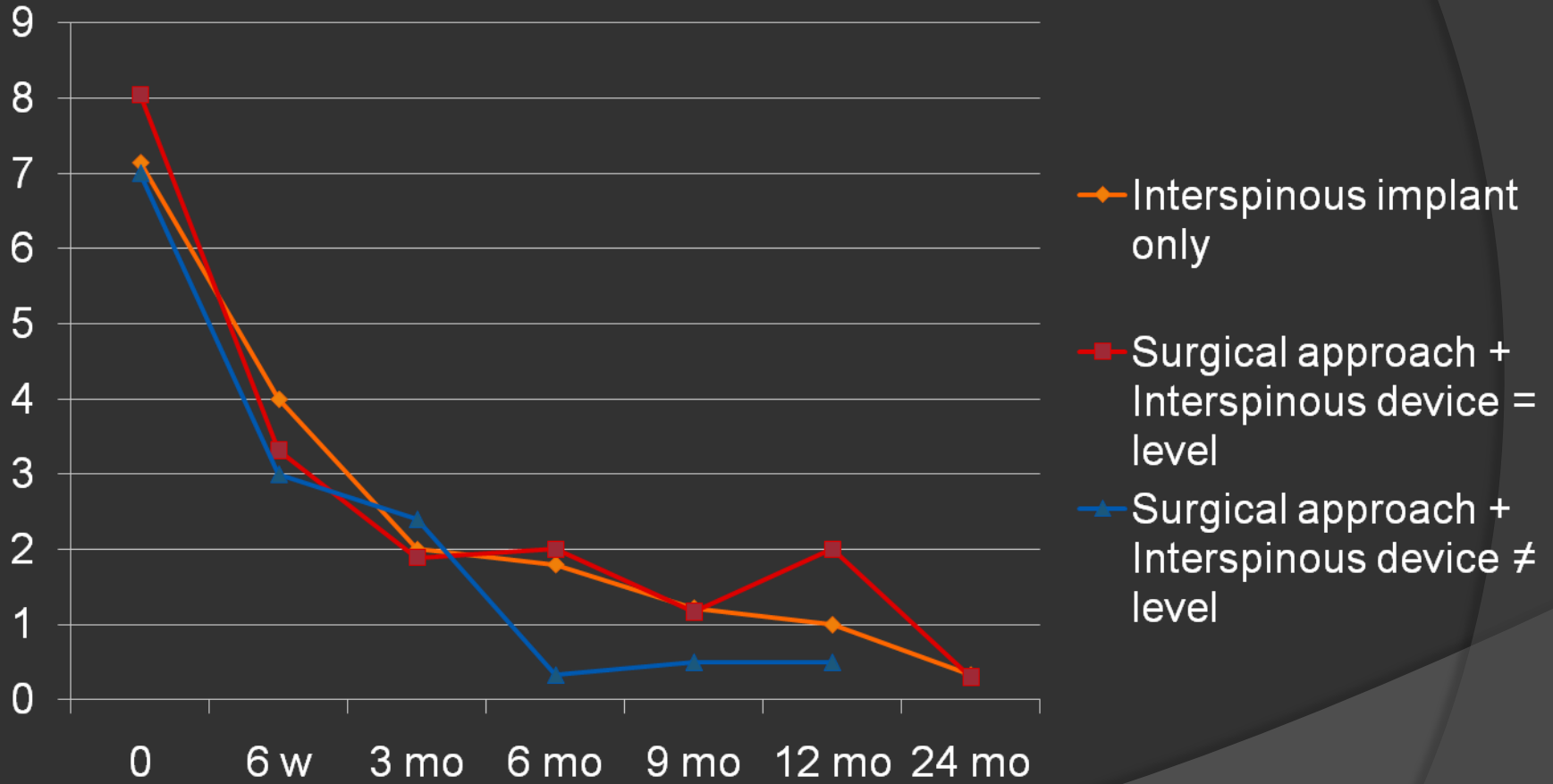
VAS



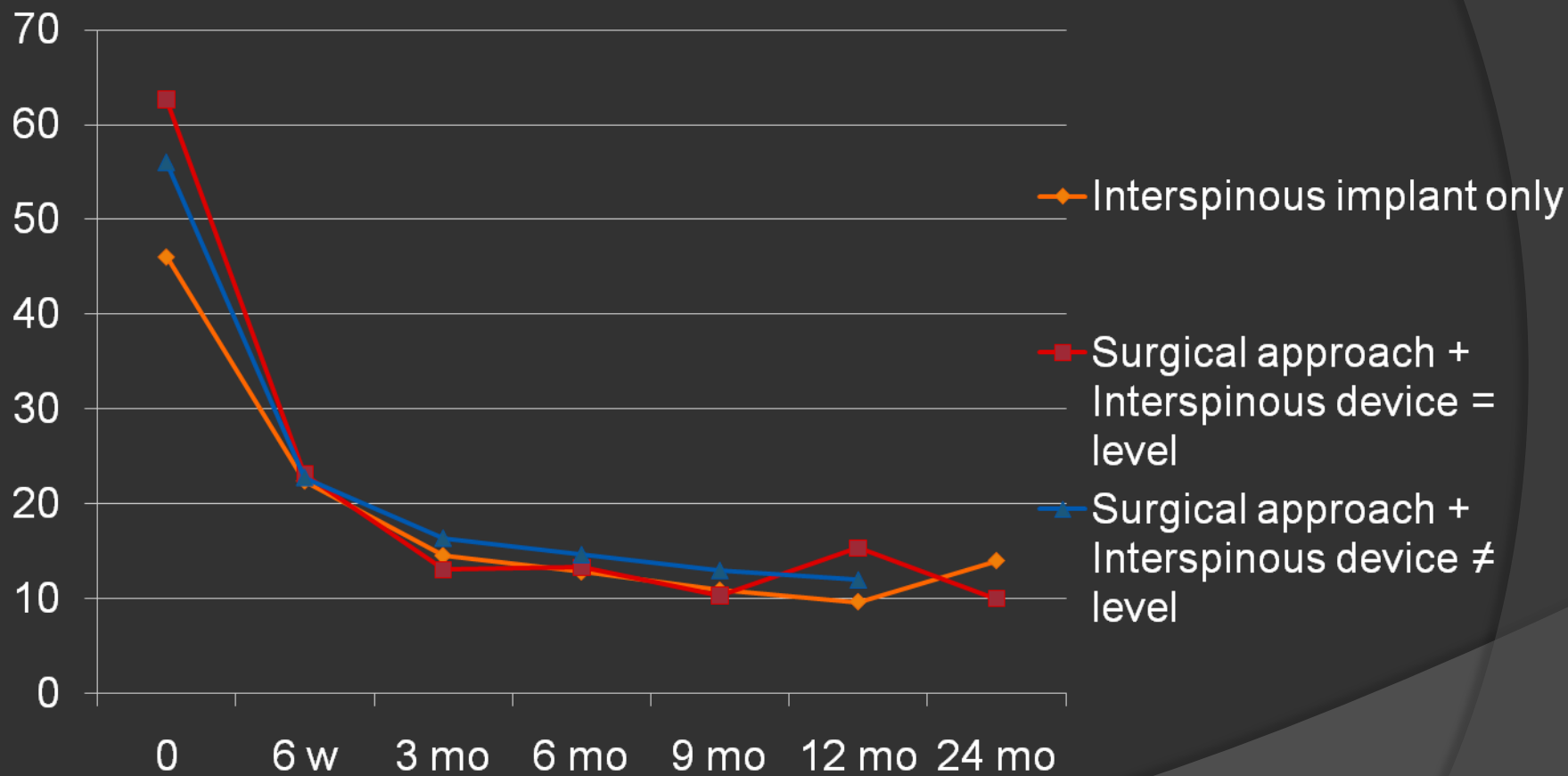
m Oswestry



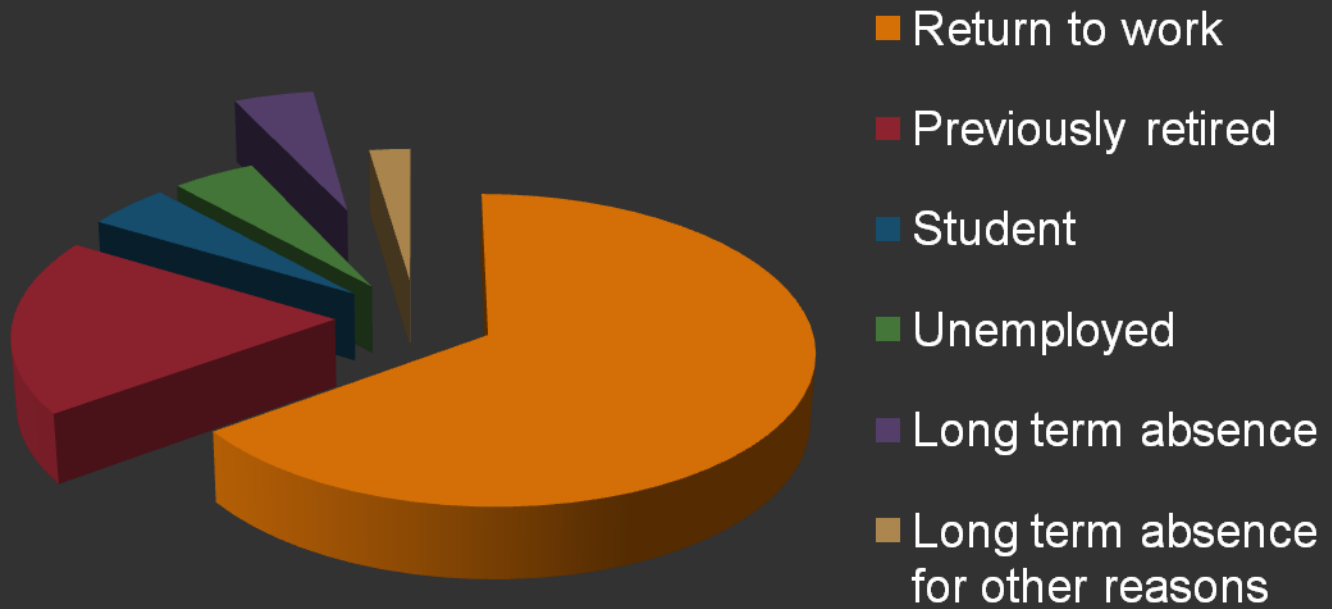
VAS



m Oswestry



Work Status



CONCLUSIONS

- Interspinous implants are recommended for:
 - central/foraminal spinal stenosis
 - degenerative pathologies of intervertebral disc and facet joints
 - a second discectomy for recurrence of herniated disc
 - discectomy for voluminous herniated disc leading to substantial loss of disc material
 - spondylolisthesis grade I

CONCLUSIONS

- Safe
- Pain relief and function improvement
- Combined surgical approaches
- Lack of complications and reoperations
- Alternative to fusion and disc replacement surgery
- Additional data and longer term follow up are ongoing

Thank you for your attention

